Cardiovascular Disease in Type 2 Diabetes

T2D is the most common type of diabetes and is responsible for at least 90–95 percent of all diagnosed adult diabetes cases in the U.S.²

Approximately 29 million Americans and an estimated 387 million people worldwide have type 1 diabetes (T1D) or type 2 diabetes (T2D).³

In 2014, T1D and T2D were associated with 4.9 million deaths worldwide¹, with cardiovascular disease (CVD) as the leading cause.³

Approximately 2-3 times more likely to develop CVD than people without these conditions.³

Conditions, such as high blood pressure and obesity, which are more common in people with T1D and T2D, may increase the risk of developing CVD.³

People with T1D and T2D have a two- to three-fold greater risk of heart failure and are at an increased risk of having a heart attack or stroke.³

References